

# ê ÷óðä "»VMD NVMe RAID)

# **Quick Configuration Guide**

A quickstart guidedetailing configuration rules and procedures

Rev 1.2

March 2020

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### **Document Revision History**

Date Published	Revision	Changes
December 2019	1.0	Initial release
December 2019	1.1	Correctionsmade to the list of supported @Sand VMD definition.  Section 2 <sup>1</sup> Preparing the server hardware and drivers ü ÿ. ÿ  Appendix B - Added.
March 2020	1.2	Removed Secure Boor restriction.

#### **Disclaimers**

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### Warnings

Heed safety instructions: Before working with your server product, whether you are using this guide or any other resource as a reference, pay close attention to the safety instructions. You must adhere to the assembly instructions in this guide to ensumedamaintain compliance with existing product certifications and approvals. Use only the described, regulated components specified in this guide. Use of other products/components will void the UL listing and other regulatory approvals of the product ahchosit likely result in noncompliance with product regulations in the region(s) in which the product is sold.

System power on/off: The power button DOES NOT turn off the system AC power. To removall power from the system, you must unplug the AC power confrom the wall outlet. Make sure the AC power cord is unplugged before you open the chassis, add, or remove any components.

Hazardous conditions, devices and cables: Hazardous electrical conditions may be present on power, telephone, and communication cales. Turn off the server and disconnect the power cord, telecommunications systems, networks, and modems attached to the server before opening it. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage can result.

Installing or removing jumpers: A jumper is a small plasticencased conductor that slips over two jumper pins. Some jumpers have a small tab on top that you can grip with your fingertips or with a pair of fine needled nosed pliers. If your jumpers do not have such a tab, take care when using needled pliers to remove or install a jumper; grip the narrow sides of the jumper with the pliers, never the wide sides. Gripping the wide sides can damage the contacts inside the jumper, causing intermittent problems with the function controlled by that jumper. Take care to grip with, but not squeeze, the pliers or other tool you use to remove a jumper, or you may bend or break the pins on the board.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) and ESD protection: ESD can damage disk drives, boards, and other parties recommend that you perform all procedures in this chapter only at an ESD workstation. If one is not available, provide some ESD protection by wearing an anstatic wrist strap attached to chassis ground, any unpainted metal surface on your server when handling part

ESD and handling boards: Always handle boards carefully. They can be extremely sensitive to ESD. Hold boards only by their edges. After removing a board from its protective wrapper or from the server, place the board component side up on a grounded, stie-free surface. Use a conductive am pad if available but not the board wrapper. Do not slide board over any surface.

#### **Preface**

#### Introduction

This guide provides concise instructions for creating RAID configurations using/ROE HII Configuration Utility. The utility runs priorto loading theoperating stem (OS) and can be used to prepare a RAIvolume before an OS is loaded onto it.

### **Guide Organization**

This guide includes the following:

Section 1 - Product Overview

Provides the product overviewsupported hardware and operating systems.

Section 2 - Preparing the server hardware and drivers

Provides the steps required toprepare the system to support tel®VROC RAID configurations

Section 3 - Intel® Volume Management Devices (Intel® VMD)

Provides definition of the Intel®VMD feature and instructions to able it.

Section 4 - Creating Intel® VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) volumes

Step by step guide and screenshots to creatter @VROC RAID configurations.

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#### 1. ð

Intel® VROC(VMD NVMe RAID) is a powerful, reliableand affordable hybrid RAID solution that uses the built b olume Management Devices (VMD) and Intel®STe drivers to creat@and manage RAID configurations.Intel® VRCC is only available when the system is configured for UEFI boot mode. To enable the Intel® VROC a hardware keymust be inserted oto the motherboard, and the appropriate processor Virtual ManagementDevices must be enabled in BIOS Setup

Intel®VROC provides added performance and reliability for supported systems equipped with NVM Express\* (NVMe\*) drives to enable an optimal enterprises to rage solution. Intel®VROC offers data protection by enabling RAID in pre-boot environmentthat can be used i operating systems like/licrosoft Windows \*, Red Hat Linux \* and SUSE Linux\*.

#### 1.1 Supported Hardware

This guide coversserver products and solutions based the following Intel®ServerBoard productfamilies:

- Intel®ServerBoard S2600W F product family (a.k.a Wolf Pass)
- Intel®ServerBoard S2600BP product family (a.k.a Buchanan Pass) Intel®ServerBoard S2600ST productfamily (a.k.a SawtoothPass)

The guide supportsRAID configurationscreated using/alidatedNVMe\* drives connected through supported backplane. To increase the number of supported NVMe\* drives, approved PCIe\* switches and retimersare also supported.

Note: For a list of supported devices, consult Tested Hardware Lists (THOL).

#### Supported Operating Systems\* 1.2

The Intel® VROC (VMD NVME RAID) solution supports the following Operating Systems, either withbox drivers or out of the box drivers:

- MicrosoftWindows Server 2012\* R2
- MicrosoftWindows Server 2016\*
- MicrosoftWindows Server 2019\*
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux\* 7.3
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux\* 7.4
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux\* 7.5
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.6
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux\* 8.0
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12SP3
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Serve\*15
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server\* 15 SP1

Note: Some of these Operating Systres might not be supported on a particular server systeme following list contains the S tests for each system

- Tested Operating Systems for Intel® Server Board S2600WF Family
- Tested Operating Systems for Intel® Server Board S2600ST Family
- Tested Operating Systems for Intel® Server Board S2600BP Family

### 2. ñ ü 'ô 'éüÿ ü 'üÿ'å

#### 2.1 Server System

Intel recommends that the server systemse installed with the latest firmware package that includes the BIOS, ME, FD, BMC, and FRUSDR utility. The best way to achieve this is to download and install the latest published System Update Package (SUP) corresponding to the motherboard being usewhich may be found at the Intel Download Center In these arch box near the top of the paguape in the motherboard model number (e.g., S2600WFT), then click the magnifying glass icon Set the "Download Type" dropdown to "BIOS" or "Firmware" (depending on which option is available) and the available SUP versions will be displayed. The specific package contains in stallation instructions.

#### 2.2 Intel VROC Hardware Key

In order to enablentel® VROC a Hardware Key must be installed on thentel®motherboard. There are three separatekeys supporting different RAID levels:

- Intel® VROC Standard (MM#951605): Enables RAID levels Q 1 and 10. Different NVMe drive manufacturers are supported. Consult the for a full list.
- Intel® VROC Premium (MM#951606): RAID levels Q 1, 10 and 5. Different NVMe drive manufacturers are supported. Consult the or a full list.
- Intel® VROC Intel SSD Only (MM#956822): Enables RAID levels Q 1, 10 and 5 but only the Int® NVMe drives are supported.

Refer to the corresponding systeTPS document of your Intel®motherboard for VROC Hardware Key installationinstructions.

#### 2.3 NVMe\* drives

Intel®VROC only supports the U.2 form factor NVMe drives connected dugh supported backplanes. Intel recommends that the drives are of the latest firmware version, and makes available the <a href="Intel\* SSD Data">Intel®SD DC family drives</a>. Other vendors provide similar tools

The Intel®SSD Data Center Toolruns on top offindows\* or Linux\* operatingsystems and can be used when the drives are behind the VMD controllers well as after a RAID configuration has been created more detailed information on how to update the firmware on the Intel NVMe drives using the SSD Data Center Tool, refer to Appendix B.

#### 2.4 PCle switches and retimers

Intel recommends having the latest firmware installed on the PCle switahdsensuring that the BMC is aware of such cards. If the SUP (mentioned in Section 2.1) was applied after the cards were installed, then the BMC is already awareln other case, or if the cards were moved to a diffret PCle slot, the BMC needs to be made aware of such changes booting the system into the EFI shell and running the sdr\_update\_noprompt.nsh script. This script is part of the SUP.

ø ñ ä ê þ ü ÿhandles the drive LED managemen**þ**, in other ü words, who handles theocate, fault and rebuildEDs. LED management is handled in a different way when VMD is enabled than when VMD disabled.

LED manag ement is set to was disabled by default but since VMD must be enabled in order to halvetel® VROC, it must be set to was enabled the first time the PCIe switch is installed. This setting is persistent, so the it only needs to setonce. Intel provides n LED Management toggle toolto change this setting.

The <u>Firmware Package and LED Mode Toggle Tool for Intel® PCle\* Switches</u>ludes both, the firmware package and the Management toggle tool The package has readme files withinstructions or each component.

Note: Not configuringLED management correctlywill make the locateand faultdrive LED s not to work and make difficult todentify and replace a faulty drive.

#### 2.5 Drivers.

The Intel® VROCsolutionhas two driver components the pre-boot, or UEFI driver, and the OS driver. The UEFI driver is embedded in the system BIOS and referred to as the STe NVMe UEFI driver, while the OS driver must be loaded at the OS installation time and eferred to as the STe OS driver; both contain version numbers. The OS driver version can be qual or later than the UEFI driver version but vice versa excepting for the Linux OS If the system BIOS version is updaing while the prior BIOS version has a newer RSTe NVMe UEFI driver embedded, the RSTe OS driver must be updated first.

Note: On a system with the Windows OS installed and an Int@VROC virtual drive present, the Windows\* RSTe OS driver version must not be prior to treatment to the NVMe UEFI driver version, otherwise unexpected behavior may happen.

The RSTe OS driver can be found on the <a href="https://example.com/local-bound-on-the-lo

The RSTe NVMe UEFI drive rversion embedded in the BIOSis documented in the corresponding BIOS Release Notes for the SUP Package, look at the BIOS COMPONENTS/CONTENTS b

Below is an example of how the RSTe NVMe driver version discumented in the Release Notes file.

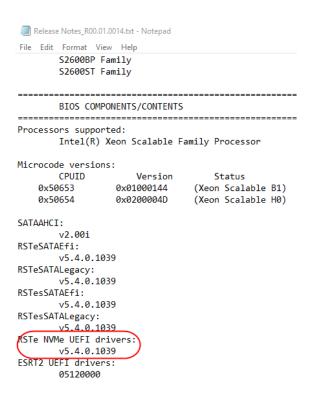


Figure 1. RSTe NVMe release note documentation style

For the UEFI driver version in the above example the 5.4 or later RSTe OS driver must be used, buntothing earlier than 5.4 would be supported

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In the first iteration of this guithelatest BIOS version available was 02.01.0009. Refer to the following table to choose the best OS driver to use, depending on the system BIOS version used.

Table 1. VROC driver requirements

System BIOS version	VROC NVMe UEFI driver version	VROC Windows driver version required	VROC Linux driver version required
00.01.0004	5.2.1.1001	6.0.0.1357 (or later)	5.4 (or later)
00.01.0009	5.2.1.1001	6.0.0.1357 (or later)	<u>5.4 (or later)</u>
00.01.0012	5.3.0.1052	6.0.0.1357 (or later)	5.4 (or later)
00.01.0013	5.3.0.1052	6.0.0.1357 (or later)	5.4 (or later)
00.01.0014	5.4.0.1039	6.0.0.1357 (or later)	5.4 (or later)
00.01.0015	5.4.0.1039	6.0.0.1357 (or later)	5.4 (or later)
00.01.0016	5.5.0.1028	6.0.0.1357 (or later)	6.0 2019.04.23 (or later)
02.01.0008	6.0.0.1024	6.0.0.1357 (or later)	6.0_2019.04.23 (or later)
02.01.0009	6.1.0.1017	6.1.0.1247 (or later)	6.0_2019.04.23 (or later)

3. ê '÷ î ü ü 'å þ '»ê '÷î å ¼

Intel®VMD is a new feature introduced with the Intel® Xeon® proc**§csalab**le family. This native feature  $\ddot{y}$  of  $\hat{a}$  e  $\hat{a}$   $\ddot{i}$   $\dot{i}$   $\dot{j}$   $\dot{j}$   $\dot{j}$   $\dot{j}$  supported backplane. This section describes how to enabledaconfigure this functionality.

Each member of the Intel®Xeon®processorScalable family has three Inte®VMD domains (numbered one, two, and three). Eachntel®VMD domain manages 16 PCle\* lanes divided intfour Intel®VMD ports (named A, B, C, and D) consisting of four PCle\* lanes each. Some of these ®VMD ports are routed to specific risers and slots in the system, while otherel®VMD ports are routed o specific chipset uplinks, SAS modules, or onboardOculink connectors. This routing is fixedon-configurable) please refer to the relevant motherboard's Technical Product Specification for details on this routing.

Note: Intel®VMD ports routed topecific chipset uplinks cannot be used **fot**el® VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) configurations

There are two different ways to connect Me\* drives to the level ports:

- 1. NVMe\* drives connectdirectly to VMD ports in a 1:1 fashiowhen using the oboard Oculink\* ports or by using PCle\* retimers. Each NVMe\* drive then uses four dedicated PCle\* lanes, providing full bandwidth to each drive
- 2. Several NVMe\* drives connect to one VMD poby using ether 8x4 or 8x8 PCle\* switches. Eight PCle\* lanes are then shared by the NVMe\* ports providing limited bandwidth to each drive

The RAID volume may be used as a bootable drivenly if all drives in the RAID olume are connected to a single Intel® VMD domain It is possible to create RAID lumes spanning multiple Intel®VMD domains, however such RAID configurations cannot be made bootable.

### 3.1 Enabling the Intel® VMD ports

By default, allIntel®VMD ports are disabledn BIOS Setup. ForIntel® VROC (VMD NVMe RAID), the appropriateIntel®VMD portsmust beenabled by selectingthe following menu options in orderafter entering BIOS Setup

- 1. Advanced
- 2. PCI Configuration
- 3. Volume Management Device

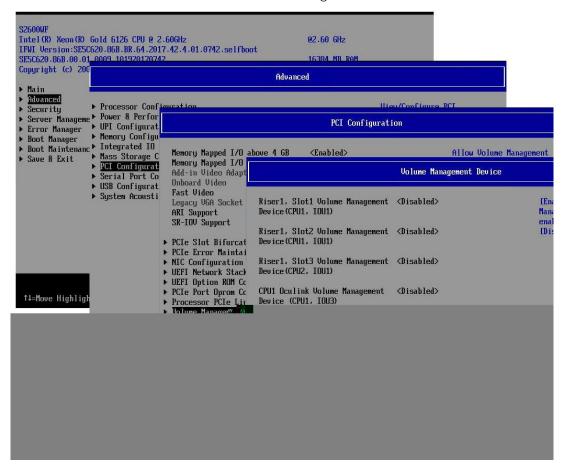


Figure 2. Steps to enter the Volume Management Device Port Window

Example A: If an R2000WF system is being used and foultVMe \* drives are being connected to the four onboard Oculink connectors, VMD ports 3A, 3B, 3C and 3D must be enabled.

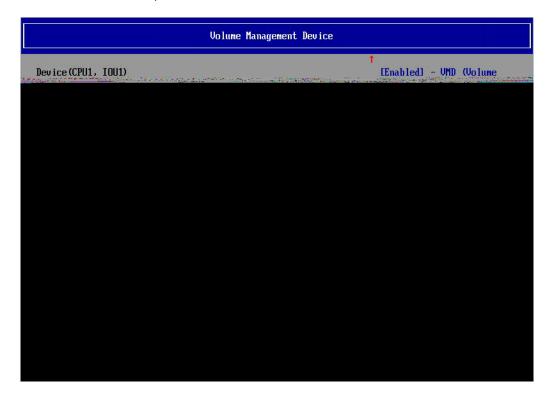


Figure 3. VMD port Example A

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- 1. After selectiningtel® Virtual RAID on CPU, the Intel® VROC (VMD NVMe RAID) menu screen appears, showing then stalled Upgrade Key and then figured Intel®ROC RAID volumes (afny).
- 2. SelectAll Intel® VMD Controllers. The Intel®VROC managed VMmenu will appears howing all Intel®VMD controllers with itheorresponding NVME\*drives.



Figure 6. Intel® VROC Managed VMD menu

3. SelectCreate RAID Volume. The Creat&AID Volumemenu will appear

Figure 7. Create RAID Volume menu

#### Intel® VROC Quick Configuration Guide

4. Fill in the volume name (optional), the desired RAID levelpending on the number of

# Appendix A. Glossary

Term	Definition		
Intel® RSTe	Intel®RapidStorageTechnology enterprise		
NVMe*	NVM Expres*		
Intel® VMD	Intel®volume Management Devices		
Intel® VROC	Inte® Virtual RAID on CPU		

# Appendix B. Updating Firmware on Intel NVMe drives using the Intel\* SSD Data Center Tool

Download and install thetel\* SSD Data Center Tool
 For Windows\* OS, the binaries are installed thinthe C:\isdct folder.
 For Linux\* OS, the binaries are installed thinthe /usr/bin directory while other support files are installed within the /etc and /usr/lib directories.

2. Run the next comman@sdct show -intelssd

All theinstalled NVMe drives will be listaged with information like semiamber, model number, firmware version, index number, (see Figure 10).

```
Intel SSD DC P4501 Series PHLF7504007M2P0LGN -
Bootloader : 0136
DevicePath : \\\\.\\PHYSICALDRIVE5
DeviceStatus : Healthy
Firmware : QDV101D1
FirmwareUpdateAvailable : The selected Intel SSD contains current firmware as of this tool release.
Index: 3
ModelNumber : INTEL SSDPE7KX020T7
ProductFamily : Intel SSD DC P4501 Series
SerialNumber : PHLF7504007M2P0LGN
 Intel SSD DC S3500 Series BTWM614205AU120B -
Bootloader : Property not found
DevicePath : CSMI_C0R0P1P1
DeviceStatus : Healthy
Firmware : G2010140
FirmwareUpdateAvailable : G2010150
Index: 4
ModelNumber : INTEL SSDSCKHB120G4
ProductFamily : Intel SSD DC S3500 Series
SerialNumber : BTWM614205AU120B
```

Figure 10. List of Intel®NVMe drives shown by the isdct tool

- 3. Take note of the Index number for all the drives requiring the firmware update. In the example above, the drive containing index number 4 requires the firmware update
- 4. Run the next commanistate load -intelssd <index number>
  Confirm when prompted
  Wait for the firmware updateFigure 11).

```
C:\isdct>isdct load -intelssd 4
WARNING! You have selected to update the drives firmware!
Proceed with the update? (Y|N): y
Updating firmware...

- Intel SSD DC S3500 Series BTWM614205AU120B -
Status : Firmware Updated Successfully. Please reboot the system.
```

Figure 11. Updating an NVMe drive.